# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

According to 91/155/EC

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### **1.1 Product identifiers**

Product name : Cotton blue lactophenol

Product code: S0210

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Gainland Chemical Company Factory road Sandycroft Deeside Flintshire CH5 2QJ UNITED KINGDOM +44 (0)1244 536326 gainland@btconnect.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

+44 (0)1244 536326

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), H302 Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4), H332 Skin corrosion (Category 1B), H314 Germ cell mutagenicity (Category 2), H341 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Category 2), H373 Chronic aquatic toxicity (Category 2), H411 For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16. 2.2

#### 2.2 Label elements

Pictogram



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H302 + H332	Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s)			
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.		
P261	Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.		
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.		
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.		
P304 + P340 + P310	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.		
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.		

Supplemental Haz- none ard Statements

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Synonyms	:	Lactophenol Aniline Blue
		Lactophenol Cotton Blue

#### Hazardous ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Component	Classification	Concentration
Phenol		
CAS-No. 108-95-2 EC-No. 203-632-7 Index-No. 604-001-00-2	Acute Tox. 3; Skin Corr. 1B; Muta. 2; STOT RE 2; Aquatic Chronic 2; H301, H331, H311, H314, H341, H373, H411 Concentration limits: >= 3 %: Skin Corr. 1B, H314; 1 - < 3 %: Skin Irrit. 2, H315; 1 - < 3 %: Eye Irrit. 2, H319;	>= 25 - < 30 %
L-(+)-Lactic acid		
CAS-No. 79-33-4 EC-No. 201-196-2	Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Dam. 1; H315, H318	>= 20 - < 30 %

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## **SECTION 4. First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### **General advice**

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

#### In case of skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

#### In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician. If swallowed Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

#### 5.4 Further information

No data available

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. For personal protection see section 8.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. For precautions see section 2.2.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in cool place. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Storage class (TRGS 510): Non-combustible, acute toxic Cat. 1 and 2 / very toxic hazardous materials

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Components with workplace control parameters

Component	CAS-No.	ValueForm of exposure	Control parameters	Basis	
Glycerol	56-81-5	TWA	10 mg/m3	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits	
	Remarks		Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used		
		TWA (Mist)	10 mg/m3	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits	
			Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used		
Phenol	108-95-2	TWA	2 ppm 8mg/m3	Europe. COMMISSION DIRECTIVE 2009/161/EU establishing a third list of indica- tive occupational exposure limit values in im- plementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC	
		Identifies the	Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin Indicative		
		STEL	4 ppm 16g/m3	Europe. COMMISSION DIRECTIVE 2009/161/EU establishing a third list of indica- tive occupational exposure limit values in im- plementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC	
		Identifies the	possibility of sigr	ificant uptake through the skin ndicative	
		TWA	2 ppm 7.8mg/m3	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits	
				<ul> <li>The assigned substances are those for which I absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.</li> </ul>	
		STEL	4 ppm 16mg/m3	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits	
				. The assigned substances are those for which I absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.	

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

#### Personal protective equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles.

Faceshield (8-inch minimum). Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

#### Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

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#### **Full contact**

Material: butyl-rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.3 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested:Butoject® (KCL 897 / Aldrich Z677647, Size M)

### Splash contact

Material: Nitrile rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.2 mm Break through time: 30 min Material tested:Dermatril® P (KCL 743 / Aldrich Z677388, Size M) data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374 If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

#### **Body Protection**

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

#### **Respiratory protection**

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

#### Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

## **SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

X <b>A</b>	
a) Appearance	Form: liquid
b) Odour	No data available
c) Odour Threshold	No data available
d) pH	No data available
e) Melting point/freezing point	No data available
f) Initial boiling point and boiling range	No data available
g) Flash point	No data available
h) Evaporation rate	No data available
i) Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available
k) Vapour pressure	No data available
I) Vapour density	No data available
m) Relative density	1.16 g/mL at 20 °C
n) Water solubility	No data available
o) Partition coefficient: n-ocatonol/water	No data available
p) Auto-ignition temperature	No data available
q) Decomposition temperature	No data available
r) Viscosity	No data available
s) Explosive properties	No data available
t) Oxidizing properties	No data available

### 9.2 Other safety information

no data available

# SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### 10.1 Reactivity

no data available

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

No data available

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

No data available

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Other decomposition products - No data available In the event of fire: see section 5

# **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation no data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation no data available

**Respiratory or skin sensitization** no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity no data available

**Carcinogenicity** IARC: 3 - Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans (Phenol)

Reproductive toxicity no data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure no data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure no data available

Aspiration hazard no data available

## Additional Information

RTECS: Not available To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated. Kidney - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence (Glycerol)

# **SECTION 12. Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

no data available

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

no data available

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

no data available

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

no data available

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

### Contaminated packaging

44.4 LIN number

Dispose of as unused product.

## SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1 UN number		
ADR/RID: 2821	IMDG: 2821	IATA: 2821
14.2 UN proper shipping name		
ADR/RID: PHENOL SOLUTION		
IMDG: PHENOL SOLUTION		
IATA: Phenol solution		
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)		
ADR/RID: 6.1	IMDG: 6.1	IATA: 6.1
4.4 Packaging group		
ADR/RID: II	IMDG: II	IATA: II

### 14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no

IMDG Marine pollutant: yes

IATA: no

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

No data available

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

### **15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment**

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

## Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H302 + H332	Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.